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Head Office
Largo Parolini 52 36061 Bassano del Grappa (VI) ITALY

General Secretariat and President Office
Via Cesare Bosi 9 00198 ROMA

WWW.UNIPAX.ORG

INFO@UNIPAX.ORG

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SUMMARY

UNITED NATIONS

Special Edition

**COP 2025
UN climate Conference Belem Brazil**

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<p>www.unipax.org info@unipax.org</p> <p>www.unitedpeacers.org</p> <p>Wikipedia entry UNIPAX</p>	

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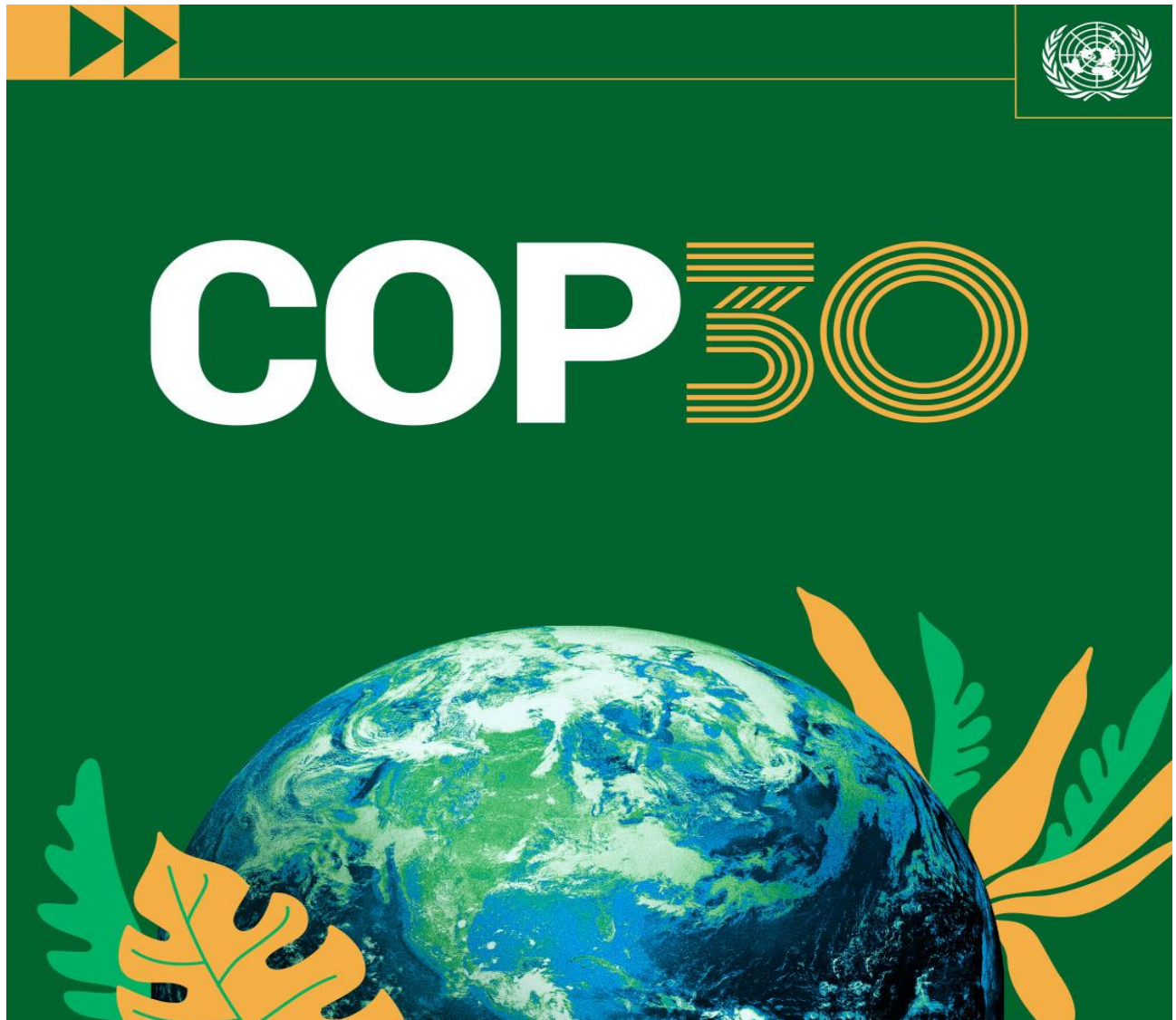
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UNITED NATIONS

Special Edition



COP30 concluded with an agreement on a wide range of climate issues among all 193 countries present at the conference, showing that nations can still come together to confront the defining challenges no country can solve alone. "COP30 has delivered progress," UN Secretary-General António Guterres said. But he urged countries to go further, through deep and rapid emission cuts and credible plans to transition away from fossil fuels and toward clean energy.

COP30 closes with agreement to step up support for developing countries

The UN climate conference in Belém, Brazil, concluded on 22 November with an agreement calling for a tripling of funding for developing nations to protect their people from the growing impacts of the climate crisis, and for stepping up support for workers and communities in the transition to clean energy. "COP30 has delivered progress," UN Secretary-General António Guterres said in his [statement](#) on COP30. Yet, "the gap between where we are and what science demands remains dangerously wide." Keeping global temperature rise below 1.5°C by the end of the century is vital, and requires "deep, rapid emission cuts – with clear and credible plans to transition away from fossil fuels and towards clean energy," he stressed.

Belém COP30 delivers climate finance boost and a pledge to plan fossil fuel transition



What was decided

- **Finance at scale:** Mobilise \$1.3 trillion annually by 2035 for climate action.
- **Adaptation boost:** Double adaptation finance by 2025 and triple by 2035.
- **Loss and damage fund:** Operationalisation and replenishment cycles confirmed.
- **New initiatives:** Launch of the Global Implementation Accelerator and Belém Mission to 1.5°C to drive ambition and implementation.
- **Climate disinformation:** Commitment to promote information integrity and counter false narratives.

The final decision emphasises solidarity and investment, setting ambitious financial targets while leaving energy transition for later discussion. The burning of fossil fuels emits greenhouse gases that are by far the largest contributors to global warming, making this omission a point of concern for many nations, including negotiators from South America and the EU, as well as civil society groups.

Expectations were high that COP30's final decision would include explicit reference to phasing out fossil fuels. More than 80 countries backed Brazil's proposal for a formal 'roadmap.'

A draft text had included it – until the final hours of talks. The adopted outcome refers only to the 'UAE Consensus', the COP28 decision calling for “transitioning away from fossil fuels.”

Before the final plenary, Brazilian scientist Carlos Nobre issued a stark warning: fossil fuel use must fall to zero by 2040 – 2045 at the latest to avoid catastrophic temperature rises of up to 2.5°C by mid-century. That trajectory, he said, would spell the near-total loss of coral reefs, the collapse of the Amazon rainforest and an accelerated melt of the Greenland ice sheet.



A closer look

After two weeks of intense negotiations, the adopted text calls for mobilizing at least \$1.3 trillion per year by 2035 for climate action, alongside tripling adaptation finance and operationalizing the loss and damage fund agreed at COP28.

It also launches two major initiatives – the Global Implementation Accelerator and the Belém Mission to 1.5°C – to help countries deliver on their nationally determined contributions (NDCs), or national climate action plans, and adaptation plans.

For the first time, the decision acknowledges the need to tackle climate disinformation, pledging to promote information integrity and counter narratives that undermine science-based action.

Last week, Brazil’s President, Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva, opened the summit declaring it would be known as “the COP of truth,” and this landmark decision marks a significant step toward safeguarding public trust in climate policy – even as the absence of fossil fuel transition language underscores the complexity of energy negotiations.

Two new roadmaps



In the closing meeting, COP30 President André Corrêa do Lago acknowledged what was left out of the deal:

“We know some of you had greater ambitions for some of the issues at hand,” he said, adding, “I know the youth civil society will demand us to do more to fight climate change. I want to reaffirm that I will try not to disappoint you during my presidency.”

Reflecting on President Lula’s call at the opening of COP30 for ambition, Mr. do Lago announced plans to create two roadmaps: one to halt and reverse deforestation; and

another to transition away from fossil fuels in a just, orderly and equitable manner, mobilizing resources for these purposes in a “just and planned manner.”

The road to consensus

The road to consensus at the latest Conference of the Parties to the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), as the annual COPs are formally known, was anything but smooth.

Late last week, Indigenous groups staged blockades demanding stronger protections for the Amazon, and late Thursday afternoon, a fire at the conference venue disrupted talks during a critical phase.

Negotiators worked through the night on Friday – to bridge gaps on finance and ambition, with Brazil’s presidency steering discussions toward a politically workable outcome focused on support and implementation of agreements from past COPs.



‘Multilateralism is alive’

From the G20 Summit in Johannesburg, UN Secretary-General António Guterres sent a clear message to COP30: At the gateway of the Amazon, Parties reached an agreement that shows nations can still unite to confront challenges no country can solve alone.

The UN chief said that COP30 delivered progress, such as the launch of the Global Implementation Accelerator to close ambition gaps and reaffirmed the UAE Consensus, including a just, orderly and equitable transition away from fossil fuels.

“But COPs are consensus-based – and in a period of geopolitical divides, consensus is ever harder to reach. I cannot pretend that COP30 has delivered everything that is needed.” Overshoot of 1.5°C is a stark warning: deep, rapid emission cuts and massive climate finance are essential. “COP30 is over, but the work is not,” he said.

Mr. Guterres vowed to keep pushing for higher ambition and solidarity, urging all who marched, negotiated and mobilized: “Do not give up. History – and the United Nations – are on your side.

Holding the line at 1.5 in ‘turbulent geopolitical waters’

UN climate chief Simon Stiell pointed to a series of major gains as COP30 closed in Belém: new strategies to accelerate Paris Agreement implementation, a push to triple adaptation finance, and commitments toward a just energy transition.



And despite what he called “turbulent geopolitical waters” – marked by polarization and climate denial – 194 nations stood together, “keeping humanity in the fight for a livable planet, determined to hold the line at 1.5°C.”

At the heart of this momentum is COP30’s flagship outcome: the Mutirão text, a sweeping deal that bundles four contentious negotiation tracks – from mitigation to finance and trade barriers – into a single, consensus-based agreement. Seventeen additional decisions were adopted alongside it.

The final document declares that the global shift toward low-emissions and climate-resilient development is “irreversible and the trend of the future.” It reaffirms that the Paris Agreement is working – and must “go further and faster” – strengthening the role of multilateral climate cooperation.

The text also recognizes the economic and social benefits of climate action, from growth and job creation to improved energy access, security and public health. Mr. Stiell pointed to a decisive trend: investments in renewable energy now outpace fossil fuels two to one – “a political and market signal that cannot be ignored,” he said.

A robust action agenda beyond negotiations



The Brazilian Presidency underscored that COP30's success extends beyond negotiated agreements, highlighting a wave of voluntary commitments under the Action Agenda.

Among them:

- Tropical Forests Forever Fund:** Raised \$5.5 billion and now includes 53 participating countries; at least 20 per cent of resources go directly to Indigenous Peoples and local communities.
- Belém Health Action Plan:** The first global initiative targeting climate-related health threats, launched with \$300 million from 35 philanthropic organizations.
- UNEZA Alliance:** Public utility companies pledged \$66 billion annually for renewable energy and \$82 billion for transmission and storage.
- Cities, regions and companies:** A coalition spanning 25,000 buildings reported cutting over 850,000 tons of CO₂ in 2024.

Climate justice at the forefront

Countries also agreed to develop a just transition mechanism, enhancing cooperation, technical support and capacity-building.

Unipax

Multimedia Project

UNITED PEACERS - WORLD COMMUNITY FOR A NEW HUMANISM



THE WORLD COMMUNITY FOR A NEW HUMANISM INTRODUCTION

With this brief document, we intend to inform on the progress being made and to encourage interest and participation in this challenging international project which necessarily has the characteristics of non-political, non-denominational and is free from the system or partisan interests, addressing precisely individual peacemakers all the world and their associations.

The ongoing realization of the "**World Community for a New Humanism**" represents a point of arrival and at the same time a starting point. It is something that starts from afar and that brings with it a lot of experience, commitment, research and innovation. The fundamental stimuli come from UNIPAX:

UNIPAX - World Union for Peace and the Fundamental Human Rights and the Rights of Peoples - is a non-profit making, non-denominational NGO that is independent from political parties and economic interests, that works at a national and international level.

It is associated with the UN/DGC United Nations Department of Global Communications. It is associated with the ASviS, the Italian Alliance for Sustainable Development - Agenda 2030 of the United Nations - and collaborates with the main international organizations and institutions and in particular with the European Union and the Council of Europe.

Its main objective is to put itself at the service of those who want to be peacemakers and builders of a New Humanism

Website: www.unipax.org www.unitedpeacers.org

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[La Rivoluzione Globale per un Nuovo Umanesimo](#)

[United Peacers](#)

Youtube: [Canale Unipax](#)

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See also: [WIKIPEDIA - UNIPAX](#)

UNIPAX makes available to the Community all its more than thirty years of experience including a International Database containing over 100,000 organizations from all continents committed to civil coexistence and peace. With about 30,000 of these has already started the first contacts.

Together with other major national and international organizations becomes the starting point for an initiative that could be considered historical.

We have prepared ourselves since the beginning of 2017 at the birth and start of: "**UNITED PEACERS - The World Community for a New Humanism**" creating a working group of 16 people all selected with adequate and demonstrated ethical drive and a high professional preparation.

The World Community is based on the belief that it is necessary to act with determination because, as we know, many and serious are the planetary emergencies. Consequently, the concern for the future is progressively increasing among the citizens. Only by joining the strength of all those who care about respect for fundamental rights is it possible to guarantee civil coexistence and peace.

THE WORLD COMMUNITY FOR A NEW HUMANISM

THE WORLDWIDE NETWORK OF PEACEMAKERS

The multilingual platform to dialogue and collaborate together

All PEACEMAKERS (PEACERS) have a limit, they are not important enough in the world. Therefore, to be important, the Peacers must unite their voices and create a shock wave, a roar of peace, which cannot remain unheard. In order to keep their independence and operational, all the world's Peacers need to be united, to talk, to be connected, with the possibility of coordinating at international level and supporting each other in the various initiatives carried out both at individual and collective level, so that the world can understand that the peace workers exist and are numerous, they know what they want and they are, all together, determined to get it. So there will not be single Peacers, only armed with good will but weak, but a solid and operational global network of UNITED PEACERS.

It is essential to understand that acting together means doing interdisciplinary campaigns together and at the same time, everyone will remain an active specialist in his sector, but joint actions must be inter-disciplinary. We must make it clear that we are strongly united in the essential things concerning survival, people's dignity, quality of life, civil coexistence and peace. Hence the deep sense of the United Peacers Community, understood as the common home of peace makers, through which we can make, all together, concrete and interdisciplinary proposals; this is the reason for proposing a maxipetition addressed to the Heads of State and Government that in fact is a set of ten petitions concerning ten essential issues, all aimed at showing that problems can be addressed one by one, depending on their sector, but the whole can make sense and succeed only if coordinated in a unicum because the essential problems for the common good are related one

another. Just a few examples: we cannot expect concrete and positive results in the financial and economic field, such as a more equitable distribution of wealth, sustainable development, protection of the environment or the end of wars and of the unbridled arms race, and so on, if we do not face the problem of supranational democratic institutions which can impose and enforce rules in the interests of the citizen of the world! As known, each Nation mainly cares for its own interests, even they are in contrast with the most general interests of peoples. The associations that form **UNITED PEACERS** and their peacemakers must work together to identify and refine the main requests, the basic vital proposals, the minimum common denominators, in order to guarantee the civil coexistence and peace. These requests must be submitted, with the strength of large numbers, to national and international institutions. In this respect, an important opportunity is offered to everyone from the **Platform of the "World Community for a New Humanism" (www.unitedpeacers.org)**. It is a virtual meeting point, internationally accessible, structured, efficient and allowing a constant dialogue in real time to develop proposals and requests together.

The Platform allows you to manage all the events that require participation in the Community in complete autonomy, even through a discussion Forum so as to make sharing aware and interactive.

UNITED PEACERS is built together, it is not simply adhered to, it is our common home, our World Community, so it is all of us who intend to work for its international development worldwide. From the union of forces, from the connection of the proposals and requests, surprising results can be obtained that are impossible to obtain separately. **The whole, if coordinated and channeled in the context of the "Peaceful Global Revolution for a New Humanism" to be pursued together as UNITED PEACERS, can truly mark a turning point in the course of History.**

The invitation to collaborate without personalism and parochialism, obviously guaranteeing everyone their own freedom and specificity, is here presented spontaneously and naturally, knowing that only by acting together on the essential requests for our future, we citizens of the world together our organizations, can hope for a New International Renaissance and with it in a New Humanism of civil coexistence and peace.

The World Community is preparing the launch of an initial proposal of the operational project that will be perfected together, making particular reference to the text: "*The Peaceful Global Revolution for a New Humanism - The ways out from the World Emergencies*" by Orazio Parisotto Founder and President of UNIPAX and promoter of the UNITED PEACERS Project.

Through the specific multilingual platform, the World Community submits to the evaluation and contributions of peacemakers from around the world documents and operational proposals that are listed here and also other proposals that will emerge in the work of the World Community itself: *World Register of Peacemakers; Universal Charter of Fundamental Duties (draft); UN Third Millennium (hypothesis); World Regulation for Civil Coexistence (draft); Maxi Petition in Ten Points (draft)*.

We are preparing an international information campaign to stimulate constructive participation of all using the media available today.